# **AITTAC**

## **HFY Series**



### Symbol





### Product feature

- 1. Using a single piston structure, large gripping torque.
- 2. Integrated with variable flow valve, it is easy and convenient to adjust the speed of opening and closing of gripping jaw.
- $3. \ Reasonable \ gripping \ angle, \ wide \ range \ of \ actual \ use.$
- $\label{eq:continuous} \textbf{4. Precise positioning accuracy, it is more accurate and reliable when gripping work-piece.}$
- 5. Various types of installation, it is convenient for the use in different occasions.
- 6. All series are attached with magnet, so that it is easy to control.

## Specification

Bore size	(mm)		6	10	16	20	25	32				
Acting type	:				Double acting	Single actin	ıg					
Fluid			Air(to be filtered by 40 μ m filter element)									
Operating pressure	Double	Ф6		0.15~0.7MPa(22~100psi)(1.5~7.0bar)								
	acting	Ф10~Ф32		0.1~0.7MPa(15~100psi)(1.0~7.0bar)								
	Single acting	Ф6	0.3~0.7MPa(45~100psi)(3.0~7.0bar)									
		Ф10~Ф32	0.25~0.7MPa(36~100psi)(2.5~7.0bar)									
Temperature °C			-20~70									
Lubrication			Cylinder: Not required; Gripper jaws: Lubricate grease									
Cushion ty	ре		Bumper									
Max. frequency			180(c.p.m)									
Sensor swi	itches ①	)	DS1-H		(	S1-G DS1-	G					

① Sensor switch should be ordered additionally, please refer to P419~442 for detail of sensor switch.

#### Ordering code

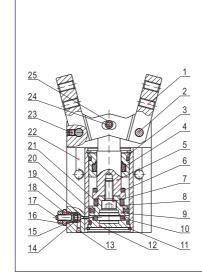
ordering code		
HI	FY 20	
HFY: Air finger(Angle style, Double acting) HFTY: Air finger(Angle style, Single acting and normally opened)  Add) HFY series are all attached with magnet.	6: Ф6mm	

# Gripping force and stroke

Acting	Model	Theoretical grippir	ng torque (N·cm)	Max. length of griping	Opening angle	Closing angle	
7 toting	Model	Closed	Opened	point (L)(mm)	oponing anglo	oloomig aligio	
	HFY6	7.4 × P	10.6 × P	30			
Double acting	HFY10	17.6×P	29.4 × P	30			
	HFY16	90 × P	129 × P	40			
	HFY20	152 × P	252 × P	60			
	HFY25	304 × P	473 × P	70			
	HFY32	637 × P	904 × P	85	00+3	40.0	
	HFTY6	5.7 × P	-	30	30 <sup>+3</sup>	-10 <sub>-3</sub>	
Single acting	HFTY10	11.8 × P	-	30			
Normally	HFTY16	71.2 × P	-	40			
opened	HFTY20	122.4 × P	-	60			
	HFTY25	252 × P	-	70			
	HFTY32	589 × P	-	85			

Note) The P in the gripping torque shown in the above chart represents the actual use of air pressure.

### Inner structure and material of major parts



NO.	Item	Material
1	Gripping jaws	Carbon steel
2	Pin	Stainless steel
3	Front cover	Aluminum alloy
4	Rod packing	NBR
5	Piston rod	Aluminum alloy/Stainless steel
6	Bumper	TPU
7	Countersink screw	Carbon steel
8	Magnet washer	NBR
9	Piston	Aluminum alloy/Stainless steel
10	Bumper	TPU
11	C clip	Spring steel
12	Back cover	Aluminum alloy
13	Steel ball	Stainless steel
14	O-ring	NBR
15	O-ring	NBR
16	Screw cap	Carbon steel
17	Adjustable nut	Brass
18	Fixed nut	Brass
19	O-ring	NBR
20	Piston seal	NBR
21	Magnet	Sintered metal (Neodymium-iron-boron)
22	Body	Aluminum alloy
23	Countersink screw	Carbon steel
24	Pin	Stainless steel
25	Pin sheath	Stainless steel

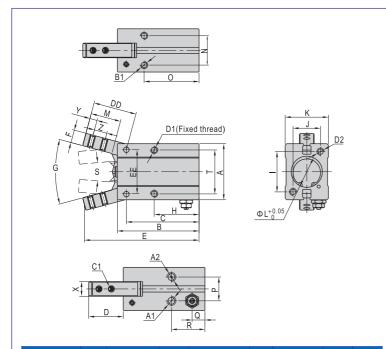


HFY

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### Dimensions



Bore size\Item	Α	A1, A2	В	B1	С	C1	D	DD
6	20	$M3 \times 0.5$	36	-	32	$M2 \times 0.4$	11.9	16
10	23	$M3 \times 0.5$	38.6	$M3 \times 0.5 Dp:6$	35.8	$M2.5 \times 0.45$	14.3	17.2
16	30.6	$M5 \times 0.8$	44.6	$M4 \times 0.7 Dp:8$	39.7	$M3 \times 0.5$	18.8	23.6
20	42	$M5 \times 0.8$	55.2	$M5 \times 0.8 \text{ Dp:}10$	49.7	$M4 \times 0.7$	23.5	29
25	52	$M5 \times 0.8$	60.4	M6 × 1.0 Dp:10	54.8	$M5 \times 0.8$	32.8	38.5
32	60	$M5 \times 0.8$	68	$M6 \times 1.0 \text{ Dp:}10$	58	M6 × 1.0	29.7	40

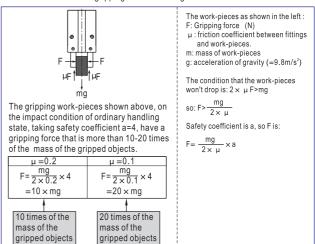
Bore size\Item	D1	D2	Е	EE	F	G	Н	l	J	K	L
6	$M3 \times 0.5$	-	47.5	14	4	30°	26	-	-	10	7
10	$M3 \times 0.5 Dp:5$	$M3 \times 0.5 Dp:6$	52.4	14	4	30°	23	18	12	16.4	11
16	M4 × 0.7 Dp:8	$M4 \times 0.7 Dp:8$	62.6	24	7	30°	24.5	22	15	23.6	17
20	$M5 \times 0.8 \text{ Dp:}10$	$M5 \times 0.8 Dp:10$	77.7	30	8	30°	29	32	18	27.6	21
25	M6 × 1.0 Dp:12	M6 × 1.0 Dp:12	92	36	10	30°	30	40	22	33.6	26
32	M6 × 1.0 Dp:16	$M6 \times 1.0 \text{ Dp:}12$	96.5	42	10	30°	37.5	46	26	40	34

Bore size\Item	M	N	0	Р	Q	R	S	T	Χ	Υ	Z
6	11	-	-	1.6	7	19	10°	12	4	2.5	5
10	12	11.4	27	10.2	6.5	18.8	10°	16	6.4	3	5.7
16	16	16	30	13	7	18.3	10°	24	8	4	7
20	20	18.6	35	15	7.5	22.2	10°	30	10	5.2	9
25	27	22	36.5	20	7.7	23.5	10°	36	12	8	12
32	27	26	30	24	9.2	31	10°	44	18	6	14

### How to select product

1. The selection of gripping force

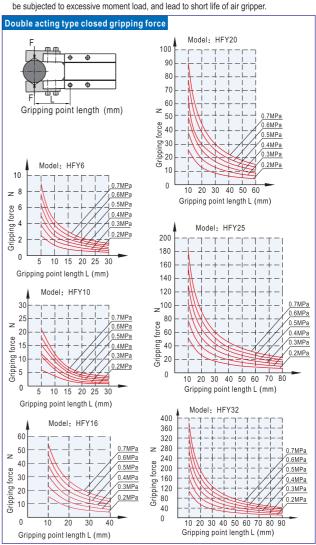
Please determine the gripping force according to the below methods.



Note) If the friction coefficient µ >0.2, for safety, please also select clamping force according to the principle of 10~20 times of the mass of the clamped objects. As for large acceleration and shock, it requires for greater safety coefficient.

2. The selection of the gripping point

When the gripping force is determined, select the gripping point according to the limitation ranges shown in the below chart. If the gripping point is over the limit, the gripping jaw will be subjected to excessive moment load, and lead to short life of air gripper.

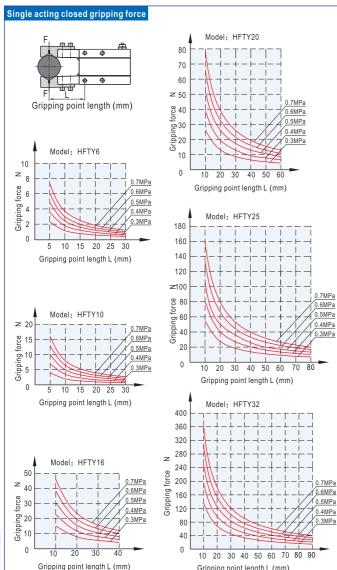




HFY

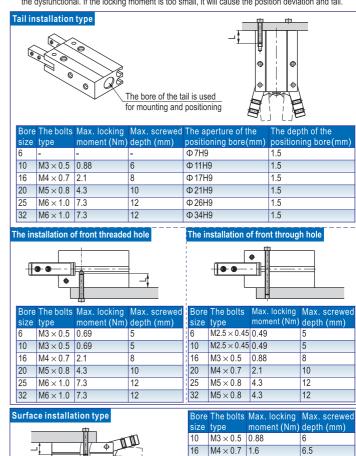
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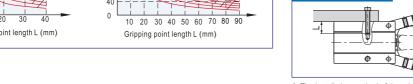
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### Installation and application

- 1. Due to the abrupt changes, the pressure is low, which will lead to the decrease of the gripping force and falling of the work-pieces. In order to avoid the harm to the human body and damage to the equipment, anti-dropping device must be equipped.
- Don't use the air gripper under strong external force and impact force.
   When install and fix the air gripper, avoid falling down, collision and damage.
- 4. When fixing the gripping jaw parts, don't twist the gripping jaw.
- 5. There are several kinds of installation method, and the torque of fastening screw must be within the prescribed moment range shown in the below chart. If the locking moment is too large, it will cause the dysfunctional. If the locking moment is too small, it will cause the position deviation and fall.







their lock the screws, otherwise the parts will be easily dained										
Bore size	The bolts type	Max. locking moment(Nm)								
6	$M2 \times 0.4$	0.15								
10	$M2.5 \times 0.45$	0.31								
16	$M3 \times 0.5$	0.59								
20	$M4 \times 0.7$	1.4								
	$M5 \times 0.8$	2.8	١.							
32	$M6 \times 1.0$	4.9	Ē							

7. When gripping work-piece, the work-piece must be located in the center line of the two gripping jaws, and the two gripping jaws also need to touch the work-piece at the same time, otherwise they will be easily damaged.

8. Confirm that there is no additional external forces that are exerted on the gripping jaw. Transverse load acts on the gripping jaw, which will cause impact load and leads to the shaking and damage of gripping jaw. Equip with gaps so that the air gripper will not crash into work-pieces and accessories at the end of

M5 × 0.8 3.3 25 M6 × 1.0 5.9

10

- 9. When the work-pieces are inserted, the center line should be coaxial, no offset, in case there are external force generated on gripping jaw. When testing, it is specially required that the manual operation should be reduced, the pressure should be used to run it at a low speed, and guarantee the safety and
- 10. Please use the flow control valve to adjust the opening and closing speed of gripping jaw if too fast.
- 11. People can not enter the movement path of air gripper and articles can not be placed on the path too.
- 12. Before removing the air gripper, please confirm that it is out of working state, and then discharge of compressed air.

